

FAQ's associated with Admission Process (2022-23)
In
B.A. (Hons.) Psychology S
haheedRajguru College of Applied Sciences for Women
University of Delhi

Ques 1. Can you give an overview of B.A. (Hons) Psychology course?

Ans. The curriculum for B.A. (Hons) has been designed to provide theoretical knowledge and applied knowledge in the various sub-domains of Psychology such as Foundations of Psychology, Social and Cultural Psychology, Clinical Psychology, LifeSpan development, Organizational Behavior, Statistics, Research Methodology, and Biopsychology.

Ques 2. What is Psychology? What are the fields associated with Psychology?

Ans. Psychology is the study of mind and behavior. It is a discipline which embraces all aspects of the human experience- from the functions of the brain to the actions of the nations, from child development to care for the aged. In every conceivable setting from scientific research centers to mental healthcare services, 'the understanding of mind and behavior' is the enterprise of psychologists. Fields associated with Psychology include: Clinical psychologist; Counseling psychologist; Forensic psychologist; Teacher; Health psychologist; Occupational psychologist; Psychological wellbeing practitioner; organizational Psychologist and Sport psychologist.

Ques 3. Do we get to specialize or major in any one specific area of Psychology?

Ans. Specialization in any one area does not take place at the undergraduate level.

Ques 4. What is the difference between B.A. (Hons) Psychology and B.A. (Hons) Applied Psychology?

Ans. B.A. (Hons.) Psychology has an overview of all the major subfields of psychology whereas Applied psychology focuses more on practical analysis. Both give an overview of the theory but B. A. (Hons.) Psychology gives a stronger theoretical grounding with some practical exposure.

Ques 5. Is it Mandatory to have Psychology as a subject in 11th and 12th grades for admission in B.A. (Hons) Psychology?

Ans. No it is not Mandatory to have studied Psychology in 11th and 12th.

Ques 6. What are the options for Higher Education after B.A. (Hons) Psychology?

Ans. After completing your Bachelors in Psychology, you may pursue a Masters degree from India or Universities Abroad. In India the many options include National and State Level Universities. In University of Delhi, Masters is offered in the North Campus and South Campus.

Ques 7. Under the National Education Policy (NEP), what do the multiple Entry and Exit points entail?

Ans. For a detailed understanding of this, you may refer to the Undergraduate Curriculum Framework - 2022 based on NEP from the University of Delhi's website, Under the heading 'Structure of UGCF' (Tables 3 and 4).

Ques 8. Can I Practice as a Psychologist (in any sub field) after my B.A. (Hons) Psychology degree?

Ans. To practice as a Psychologist, relevant degrees post bachelors are needed depending on the chosen field. For example: to practice as a Clinical Psychologist, an M.Phil degree and License from Rehabilitation Council of India (RCI) is needed.

Ques 9. Does B.A. (Hons) Psychology at Shaheed Rajguru College of Applied Sciences for Women offer any practical experience in the field of Psychology?

Ans. Yes. B.A. (Hons.) Psychology curriculum includes practicals in which theory is coupled with practical exposure to the field (in the form of data collection). The practicals involve observing a psychological phenomenon and their analysis in the desired population in varied setups like clinics, N.G.O's, organizations, child care centers, etc (depending on the needs of the practicum). Furthermore, the Psychology Department of our college has an academic society named 'Psymentia' which actively organizes various activities like workshops and seminars by eminent Psychologists for the students.

Ques 10. What are the key features of the B.A Hons Psychology program under the NEP Framework?

Ans. In accordance with the NEP Framework, the Bachelor of Arts in Honours Psychology programme at the University of Delhi may choose to contain the following essential components:

Interdisciplinary Approach: The programme may place an emphasis on an interdisciplinary approach, which integrates concepts and viewpoints from a variety of domains, such as sociology, philosophy, biology, and neuroscience, in order to provide a comprehensive understanding of psychology.

Curriculum Alterations: The curriculum might be altered so that it takes into account the most recent discoveries and discoveries that have been made in the field of psychology. It is possible for it to include classes on topics such as cognitive psychology, social psychology, abnormal psychology, developmental psychology, research methodologies, and possibly even more.

Developing key Skills: The programme may place an emphasis on developing key skills such as critical thinking, research skills, data analysis, communication, and the ability to solve problems. To further strengthen the development of one's skills, it may be possible to incorporate practical aspects, such as working in a laboratory or participating in an internship.

chances for Research The NEP Framework may encourage universities to provide chances for research to students who are studying a Bachelor of Arts in Honours Psychology. Participating in research initiatives, carrying out experiments, and making contributions to the body of academic knowledge in the topic are all potential activities associated with this goal.

Students will have the opportunity to investigate specific areas of interest within the field of psychology thanks to the program's choice-based credit system and the potential for the programme to provide flexibility in course selection. Students may be able to personalise their educational trajectory in accordance with their job goals and interests by taking advantage of the choice-based credit system.

Ques 11. Mention some of the future career prospects after the course.

Ans. They can serve as counsellors in schools, colleges, or in private practise, assisting clients with addressing emotional, behavioural, and psychological concerns. Psychological Counsellors are available.

Professional in Human Resources: Graduates have the opportunity to pursue professions in human resources, where they put their knowledge of human behaviour and psychology to use by recruiting, training, and managing personnel in an efficient manner.

Research Assistant: They have the opportunity to work as research assistants in academic institutions, supporting researchers and psychologists in the process of carrying out studies, collecting data, and analysing the findings.

Social Worker: Graduates with a Bachelor of Arts in Psychology have the ability to contribute to social work organisations, where they can offer support and help to individuals and communities that are coping with difficulties such as poverty, abuse, or mental health issues.

Analyst of Market Research: Their understanding of consumer behaviour and the psychological elements that influence it can be useful in analysing market trends, conducting surveys, and assisting firms in making informed marketing decisions.

Rehabilitation Specialist: Graduates have the opportunity to work in rehabilitation centres or organisations, providing assistance to people with impairments or mental health disorders so that they can improve their quality of life and increase their independence.

Education and Career Counselling: They have the potential to pursue professions as education or career counsellors, assisting students in making well-informed decisions regarding their academic trajectories, job options, and personal growth.

These are just a few examples; the discipline of psychology offers a wide variety of job prospects in a variety of subfields, including clinical psychology, industrial-organizational psychology, forensic psychology, and many others. Graduates also have the option of continuing their study and conducting research in.

Ques 12. What is the role of major and minor discipline specific electives in NEP?

Ans. According to the NEP Framework, Major and Minor Discipline Specific Electives (DSE) help University of Delhi Bachelor of Arts in Honours in Psychology students have a well-rounded education. Explaining Major and Minor DSEs.

Major DSE stands for "core discipline-specific electives," which are the courses students take in their major field of study, in this case psychology. These classes give students a deeper understanding of psychology and its subfields. Students can deepen their understanding of a specific psychology topic. These courses help students create a firm foundation in psychology and enable them to pursue advanced studies or careers in specialised sectors. The Minor DSE lets students choose electives from a different field of study. It allows students to explore a secondary interest, boosting their psychology knowledge and skills. Students can learn across disciplines and better link ideas and perspectives from other fields. The Minor in Diplomatic and Security Studies expands their education and knowledge.

Major and Minor DSEs let students tailor their education to their interests and career goals. They allow students to master their major subject while exploring related or complementary topics in their minor. This teaching style integrates academic disciplines to promote holistic learning, critical thinking, and a better understanding of how different fields of research are related.